

ADLER & BRO.
Boots & Shoes

No. 261 Main Street.

(Leah's Old Stand).

MEMPHIS, TENN.

The Happy Bolters.

The actual representation and absence of it at the late bolters' convention, as taken from full reports in the Nashville papers, is given in another column. After reading the glowing dispatches sent out, and hearing the frequent boast that nearly every county was represented and that the gathering compared favorably in numbers with the regular Democratic convention held in June, we were surprised to find that the bulk of the crowd, including spectators, came from a few counties and the city of Nashville. Several counties entitled to a large delegation were represented by a single delegate, who doubtless appointed or suggested himself. Seven counties, entitled altogether under the apportionment, to twenty-seven delegates, were represented by proxies, and in several instances by men not living in or near those counties. Out of the ninety-four counties in the State, forty-eight were not represented at all, not even by a proxy. Add to this number the seven counties represented by proxies which did not and could not reflect the will of the people, and we find that fifty-five counties really were not represented in the bolters' meeting. It may be said that these are small counties. Many of them are, it is true; but their aggregate representation would have been about five hundred delegates. Add to this the counties that were misrepresented by men never appointed at any public meeting or by any authority outside of some back office, and the boasted convention would be reduced to an inconsiderable minority. Yet men who have acted with the Democratic party in the past, and done good service, go off with a fiction which repudiates the tradition and very corner stone of Democracy, the great written and unwritten law that the majority shall rule. This is the most serious of all errors in the effort, from the fact that it would turn the State over to the Republican party for years to come and render the Democratic powerless for good, and make it the laughing-stock of the country—a blind and feeble old Samson feeling around for the pillars under the temple while the Republican Philistines would hold high carnival overhead. The will of the Democratic majority has unquestionably been made known, and it sustains the platform of the June convention and the nomination of General Gate for Governor. And we have the utmost faith that he will be elected. The bolters may continue to bolt and not see the error of their ways; they may blow their trumpets, buy up newspaper stock, and send their great men forth to harangue the masses, but it will be in vain. The people will be true to their principles, themselves and the gallant man who carries the flag of their party. And when it is all over some will return to the old camp, and others continue with the Republican party, but all may ask themselves, "If so soon we are done for, what were we ever begun for?"

There will be a grand Democratic ratification meeting on the bluff to-morrow night. Hon. J. W. Clapp, Judge John L. T. Sneed, Colonel Gant, Colonel Luke Finlay, Colonel Josiah Patterson, General Turner and a number of other gentlemen, of equal ability and prominence, are expected to speak upon the occasion. Every arrangement necessary has been made by the Executive Committee for an enthusiastic rally. There will doubtless be a big crowd.

Memphis Steamer Launched.
CHESTER, Pa., July 14.—The new mammoth steamer *Pilgrim*, of the Fall River Line, was to have been launched here yesterday, but only reached half her length in the water, owing to her great weight. She is the largest side-wheel iron passenger steamer ever built, and will run between Norfolk and Boston. She is to be floated this afternoon.

Liverpool Market.
LIVERPOOL, July 14.—Bacon—c steady, 61s; short rib, steady, 61s; Lard—Prime Western, dull, 63s 6d. Corn—Mixed, steady, 7s 3d. Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 37s; at London, dull, 37s. Wheat—Spring No. 2, steady, 9s 9d; No. 1 white, steady, 10s 3d; winter, steady, 10s 6d. Flour—Extra State, dull, 14s.

A \$50,000 Fire.
OVEN SOUND, Ont., July 14.—A fire this morning destroyed the following buildings: W. B. Stephens, hardware; Creighton Bros., general dry goods; Mr. Forhan, jeweler; M. Gilson, saddler; Mrs. McCauley, residence; Mrs. Bond, dressmaker; M. Gilson, residence; Mrs. Shaw, fancy goods store; G. T. Miller, boots and shoes; Dr. Dobie, insurance office; E. Wylic, butcher shop. Loss, \$50,000.

Public Ledger bindery and job office, 13 Madison street.

PUBLIC



LEDGER.

VOL. XXXIV.

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE: FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 14, 1882.

NO. 116.

LOEB & MOOK'S
SHIRTS
And Underwear
MADE TO ORDER.
235 and 237 Main St.

THE RUINED CITY.

Looters Dispersed With Gatling Guns.

Two Miles of Burning Houses.

Sharp Fighting in Town—No Water.

The Khedive's Palace Pillaged.

Number of Persons Massacred 2000.

England Taking Vigorous Measures.

The Khedive, Dervish Pasha and Harem on Shipboard.

The Khedive to Issue a Proclamation.

The Egyptian Loss and Killed 600.

The Situation at Port Said.

LONDON, July 14.—Four hundred and fifty household cavalry leave England to-morrow week, destination not known.

The Times this morning says by this last outrage Arabi Pasha has put himself outside the pale of humanity. He must be followed and his army dispersed. It is satisfactory to know that British preparations are complete and that we are ready to carry out the will of Europe if no other nation be found to do the work. Should the Porte still hold back Lord Dufferin will state in the conference that England is prepared to undertake the task, but will welcome the co-operation of any other government.

The Standard says the Admiralty proposes to request Admiral Seymour to furnish a full report of the performance of each iron clad with details of working the armament.

The News dispatch from Mar-seilles says that despite the fact that it is national fête day, work will be carried on at Toulon Arsenal, Friday. The Times correspondent at Berlin says it is reported that the German corvette *Nymph* has been ordered to Egypt.

ATHENS, July 14.—The messages to Athens confirming the report that the Government had expressed its readiness to join with a corps of 7000 men in the intervention in Egypt.

LONDON, July 14.—Renter's dispatch from Constantinople says: Musurus Pasha, the Turkish Ambassador at London, has telegraphed the Porte that Earl Granville has informed him that England is compelled to proceed vigorously against the Egyptian rebels, but that the sovereign rights of the Sultan will be in no way prejudiced thereby.

A dispatch to the News from Alexandria says: The number of persons massacred by the mob is estimated at 2000.

Admiral Seymour telegraphs: I have occupied Ras-el-Tin Palace with the marines, and spiked the guns in six batteries opposite. The city is still burning, but I am clearing the streets. The Khedive is safe in a place which is garrisoned by 700 marines.

OFF ALEXANDRIA, July 14.—The firing heard in Alexandria yesterday was by the marines and soldiers who were dispersing plunderers with Gatling guns. The small detachment first landed had to wait for reinforcements before they were able to push to the center of the town. There was some short, sharp fighting. No water could be obtained owing to the stoppage of the works. There are some French ladies among the fugitives rescued yesterday, also the Egyptian Prefect of Police, who succeeded the instigator of the massacre in Alexandria on June 11th last. There are not enough sailors and marines to occupy all the streets of the city.

LONDON, July 14.—A dispatch to Renter's from Alexandria says: Some field pieces were landed with marines at the Ras-el-Tin fort. Khedive Ras-el-Tin's palace was looted shortly before the marines arrived. A whole battalion of Arabs was blown up in one fort during the bombardment.

A dispatch to the News, dated off Alexandria, July 14, 4 a.m., says: The fire in Alexandria is still raging. There are at least two miles of houses burning. More than one-third of the city appears to be on fire.

A dispatch from Dublin says: A special of the Gazette, issued this morning, proclaims the counties of

Cavar, Leitrim, Longford, West Meath, Sligo, Roscommon, Mayo, Tipperary, Kilkenny, Waterford, Cork, Limerick, Clare, Kerry, Louth and Dublin. The cities of Limerick, Cork, Waterford, Kilkenny, Dublin, Londonderry, Galway, Drogheda, and two Baronies in Monaghan and two in Armagh are under the repression act.

LONDON, July 14.—An Alexandria dispatch says General Sir Garnet Wolseley is expected at Port Said on Sunday. If Arabi Pasha makes a stand at Rosetta or Damanhour, Sir Garnet will have to proceed to Alexandria.

The marines who spiked the guns found fifteen Armstrong guns of the newest pattern, some of them disabled, and beneath one were seven dead bodies.

A body of 150 marines hold the arsenal gate. At the customhouse gate there are 190 marines, with a Gatling gun, who will remain all night. The marines have killed many looters. A crowd with a green flag passed down the principal street in the Arab quarter, shouting.

The Governor tells the people not to leave, but being panic-stricken, they pay no heed to him. It is reported that six persons have been massacred at the French Consulate. The Khedive will embark from Ras-el-Tin Palace on Board a Turkish ship. Rear Admiral Hoskins transferred his flag to the *Penelope* and has sailed for Port Said. The fire in the city is still increasing, and men are seen running about with torches completing the work of destruction.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14.—The Arabs are still looting the town.

Admiral Seymour had determined to land a force, but the refugees informed him that a large number of Egyptians occupied a position outside of the city, ready for an attack, while Admiral Seymour could only land 300 men; he therefore, instead of landing men, ordered shots fired over the city, in order to frighten the rioters.

Twenty armed Europeans who escaped the general massacre, were told by a Pasha whom they met on their way through town that the Egyptians killed numbered over 600.

The English and French Consulates are burned to the ground.

LONDON, July 14.—A dispatch from Paris, published in a semi-official form, says the accord between England and France continues, and they are expected to come to a definite understanding in regard to Egypt.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14.—A party of blue jackets landed at Port Gabbari and spiked nineteen guns in position. This morning the Monarch fired at and soon destroyed another battery. The gunboat *Iris* has arrived at Port Said, and lies with one broadside bearing on the town and the other upon an Egyptian corvette commanded by one of Arabi Pasha's officers. There are 438 British subjects, 500 Egyptian soldiers and 200 police at Port Said.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14, 9:30 a.m.—Explosions occasionally occur in the city. A proclamation in Arabic is preparing in the Khedive's name, calling on the people to maintain order and on the troops to disband. The Khedive, with Dervish Pasha and some of the members of the Khedive's harem, have arrived aboard a vessel in the harbor. About five hundred loyal troops follow the Khedive.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, July 14, 11 a.m.—The stock market opened strong and 141 per cent higher, the latter for Richmond & Danville. Houston & Texas and Lake Erie & Western, however, were 1 per cent lower. In early dealings the market was active and strong, and prices advanced 1 1/2 per cent. Northern Pacific preferred, Oregon & Transcontinental and St. Paul being prominent in the upward movement, while C., O. & L. sold up 2 1/2 per cent. Subsequently there was a reaction of 1 1/2 per cent. Louisville & Nashville leading.

Wheat, sale lower, and dull and heavy.

Failures of a Week.

NEW YORK, July 14.—The failures reported to New York are 121 against 109 last week. The Western and Middle States show some increase, while the Southern and Eastern are smaller than usual. The Eastern States had 16; Western, 41; Southern, 17; Middle, 32; Pacific, 7, and New York city 8. New York city failures are insignificant.

Prince Bismarck has conspicuously published an announcement that he will, during his stay at Vaux, attend to neither official or semi-official business, and that he will not even read any documents relating thereto. At the same time he receives daily dispatches concerning the Egyptian imbroglio, can occasionally with enjoyment from the East, and it is believed by many, inspired the Sultan to bestow upon the rebellious Arabi the imperial Order of Medjidie.

Mr. W. W. Corcoran's health is rapidly improving. He is now staying at Deer Park, Md.

MISSISSIPPI.

An Execution Deferred—A County Superintendent Deceases.

Judge Jaffards Nominated for Congress.

SCRANTON, July 14.—The cases of the two men sentenced to be hanged here to day were appealed to the Supreme Court, and their execution deferred.

NATCHEZ, July 14.—J. S. Montgomery, County Superintendent of Public Education, has decamped, having defrauded various parties by forging names to teachers' warrants.

JACKSON, July 14.—Judge Jaffards, of Issaquena county, ex-Judge of the Supreme Court, has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the "Old Shoe" district.

Alexandria is situated on the westernmost branch of the Nile, on the Mediterranean Sea, 112 miles north-west of Cairo, with which it is connected by the Mahmoodieh Canal, by the Nile and by railway. Another railway connects it with Rosetta. The modern city is built on a peninsula (anciently the Island of Pharos) and on the isthmus connecting it with the mainland, where its ruins cover a vast extent. The city has, or had before the bombardment, a palace of the Khedive, a large naval arsenal, naval and military hospitals, a customhouse, a tribunal of commerce, the Italian College, and free mission, normal and other schools. In the new streets and squares its aspect is more that of a European than of African city. The Turkish quarter is irregular, but the Frank quarter has many good streets. The city has beautiful country houses in the suburbs, and an excellent new artificial harbor, formed by a break-water mole and quays, and is the great emporium of Egypt. The principal exports are corn, cotton, wool, wheat, beans, senna and hides. The principal imports are woolen and silk goods, hardware and machinery, with timber, coal, petroleum, drugs and chemical products. It had regular steam communication with all the great Mediterranean ports. It is supplied with water from the Nile and partly lighted by gas. It is the seat of several large government and other factories in which steam is the motive power.

Alexandria was founded by Alexander the Great, 332 B. C. Under the Ptolemies it rose to great distinction for its learning, commerce, wealth and literature. Its library, founded by Ptolemy Philadelphus, surpassed all others of antiquity, numbering 700,000 volumes, a portion of which was accidentally destroyed by fire during the war with Julius Caesar, and the remainder by command of the Caliph Omar in A. D. 640. From this period the city fell into decay, its population, once numbering 600,000, is said to have been reduced to 2000. Since the destruction of the Mameluke power it has been gaining in importance, and especially since Egypt became a nationality. The population in 1872 was 212,034, of whom 47,316 were foreigners. Pompey's Pillar and the Catacombs of the Neoplatonists are the most interesting monuments of antiquity.

Marriage of a Georgia Girl and a Chinese.

ANGOSTA (Ga.) Chronicle.

There was one couple yesterday who did not care whether the United States Congress had passed the anti-Chinese bill or not, and that couple consisted of Willie Lou Chong, a prosperous Chinese merchant of Augusta, and his bride, Miss Dannie Fulcher, of McBean. The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. S. Patterson, of this city. The bride, who is a daughter of Mr. John W. Fulcher, is a very pretty young lady. The bridegroom has been in America ten years, and in Augusta two or three. He has a store on Broad street, and is a very worthy and industrious citizen. Some time ago he discharged his queue, and adopted the American customs altogether. He attends church regularly.

President Grevy of France has not yet received the decorations of the Order of the Golden Fleece, conferred upon him some time ago by the King of Spain. Why, nobody seems to know.

Evil-disposed critics say it is because the head of the French Republic is so parsimonious in paying the required fee of \$2000. How he ever came to accept membership in an order composed principally of the enemies of republicanism is another much discussed problem, which is also solved, after a fashion, by his critics, who quote M. Grevy's own word to a friend who reminded him of his famous amendment, the object of which was to abolish the office of President, as "useless to the direction of affairs, and dangerous in a country of monarchical traditions." Said M. Grevy: "I am giving the proof of the necessity of my amendment, and demonstrating that after me no President is possible."

AMUSEMENTS.

"Patience" at the Park.

The graceful little operatic satire, "Patience," was admirably rendered by fifty amateur children before an audience of about six hundred people, at Estival Park last night. The performance was evenly carried, from the time the curtain rose, at a quarter past eight, until the end of the opera, a few minutes after eleven, and every individual member of the audience pronounced it an unequalled and most gratifying success. Every line of the libretto and the whole of the music were given with remarkable accuracy, from first to last. Indeed, so effective was the work presented, that the audience frequently expressed its approbation by the bestowal of enthusiastic applause. The entrance of the twenty love-lick maidens, artistically dressed and playing on lutes and mandolins, after the curtain rose, made an intensely picturesque spectacle, and the excellent singing of the first chorus drew forth rapturous applause. The singing of the dragons was splendid, and the maidens chimed in at the proper time with fine effect. Portions of the dialogue were noticeably weak, and occasionally the voices of the soloists failed to rise with the orchestral pitch, while the right foot of some of the boys moved where the left should have been used, but a different result could hardly have been expected when many of the leading parts were filled by girls and boys not yet in their teens. Little Carrie Spot Smith carried "Patience" with delicious taste and finish for one so young. She acted with fine spirit, receiving merited applause and frequent encores. Bertha Fuld acted the heavy-browed, black haired, portentous and ponderous Jane delightfully. She possesses a rich contralto voice, and the charming manner in which she gave the opening aria in the second act caused her to be loudly recalled. Lady Ella, Lady Saphir and Lady Angela, the rapturous maidens, by Misses Pauline Drosscher, Blanche Miles and Hattie Nowland, were all much admired and each received a share of the applause. Blanche Miles winning a recall for her "gobble song" from the "Masque," in connection with Willie Nowland. The latter secured a decided success as Bunthorne, the fleshy poet. His costuming was exactly the thing, while his lackadaisical manner and sickly smile, much after the manner of Castle, frequently convulsed the audience. Several of his songs were encores. The idyllic poet, Grosvenor, by Lawson Treadwell, was equally artistic. Lieutenant, the Duke of Dunstable, by Walker Portlock; Major Murgatroyd, by Jimmie Thompson, and Colonel Calverly, by Sam Halle, were all that could be desired. Indeed, in many features, each individual in the cast surprised their most intimate acquaintances with their skill, accuracy and attention to detail. The scenery was pretty, the stage being adorned with sunflowers, and even the ushers in the auditorium carried sunflowers on their shoulders and as shields on their bosoms. The patience of the late Mr. Kirkland in so carefully drilling three score of little folks, including the diminutive three year old dragon Eugene Nowland, was frequently remarked upon, while the present leaders of the opera, Professors Levy and Handwerker, were highly complimented for their good work, a work which afforded every spectator genuine enjoyment. The comic opera is to be repeated to night, and again to-morrow afternoon.

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Manufacturer of Plain & Japanned Tinware, Copper & Sheet Iron Ware.

A Well Selected Stock of Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Etc.

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Van's Cooking Range.

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Memphis Coal Tar Company.

W. J. WATSON, Manager.

Refiners of Coal Tar and Products.

Crude Carbolic Acid, Benzole, Coal Tar, Paraffine-Varnish,

Cotton Tie Coating.

Sole Manufacturers Watson's Paragon Red Oxide Paint.

BEST PAINT FOR WOOD OR METAL IN THE MARKET.

Office and Works: : : At Gas Works.

The 10th Ward Democracy

WILL hold a Grand Rally at PAT COLEMAN'S TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock.

The following speakers will address the meeting:

L. H. ETES, Esq.

Col. O. W. FRAZER.

Gen. G. P. M. LUTHER.

Col. A. E. DODGE, Assn.

Hon. J. M. HARRIS.

By order of the Executive Committee.

H. E. AVERY, Secretary.

Grand Ratification Meeting

THE Democracy of Shelby will hold a Ratification Meeting IN THE BLUFF

Saturday, 15th inst., at 8 p.m.

The following speakers will address the assembly:

Judge J. W. CLAPP.

Judge J. H. L. SNEYD.

Judge H. T. ELLETT.

James H. GAYLORD.

Bon. R. G. GAYLORD.

J. R. GODWIN, Esq.

Col. H. W. L. L.

Col. J. W. L. L.

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